

WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE ON NUCLEAR ENERGY

CONFERENCE

July 16-17, 1950

I	Opening Statement	Mr. [Name]
	Response	Mr. [Name]
II	Nature of the [Problem]	
	Importance of [Problem]	
	(a) Russian Position [Problem]	Mr. [Name]
	(b) Relation to [Problem]	Mr. [Name]
	(c) Relation to [Problem]	Mr. [Name]
III	Effects of Nuclear [Problem]	Mr. [Name]
IV	Feasibility of [Problem]	
	(Materials, Design, [Problem])	
	Relation of [Problem]	
	Radiological [Problem]	
	and Recovery	Mr. [Name]
V	Need for State [Problem]	
	in Stimulating [Problem]	Mr. [Name]



VI

Federal Aeronautics, Supplies, Staff
and Training Activities

- (a) Medical Supplies and Programs Secretary, Flemming
- (b) Food Supplies Director, Secretary, Morse
- (c) Hospital and Field Equipment Medical Officer, Mason
- (d) Educational and Information (George H. Biceg)

VII

Elements of the State Program and
Federal Activities

Director, Rockefeller

VIII

Non-Stock Activities with the Government



Special Committee on Civil Defense of the Congressional Conference

Nelson A. Rockefeller, New York, Chairman

Edmund G. Brown, California
George D. Clyde, Utah

Ernest F. Hollings, South Carolina
O. Monroney, Washington, D.C.

Executive

J. Caleb Boggs, Delaware, Chairman, U.S. Civil Defense Administration
Brevard Cribfield, Secretary of the Congressional Conference

Suggested Points to be Mentioned by the President

1. **Fallout protection is a vital element of national defense. It could provide the margin necessary to insure our survival as a Nation.**
2. **Active military defense cannot fully protect us from the effects of atomic attack -- that is why civil defense and fallout protection is necessary. It provides a shield for our people.**
3. **The answer does not lie in a massive Federally-financed shelter program. Neither the Governors' Committee nor the Administration favor such an approach. The shortness of warning time today makes it imperative that shelters be provided in accessible places.**
4. **The National Shelter Policy asserts that every property owner should provide shelter on his own premises. Our Policy therefore places emphasis upon education and leadership to persuade people to take those actions which they, and they alone, must take. Gratification that Governors are joining in this effort. Noted particularly Governor Rockefeller's message to the New York Legislature, when he said:**

It is both feasible and within our financial capacity to obtain substantial protection against the death and disability resulting from radioactive fallout in the event of thermonuclear attack.

5. **Federal Government has taken a number of steps to implement this policy. Among other things, 65 new Federal buildings now underway or planned will have fallout protection.**
6. **It is my hope that this conference will find many practical ways to improve the partnership effort of the Federal Government and the States in promoting the construction of fallout protection.**

It is important that we continue to work together with a coordinated approach, with uniform standards, and with mutually supporting constructive action. To that end, I am asking Governor Hoegh to continue to work directly with the Special Committee of the Governors' Conference or any persons whom your Committee wishes to designate.

Call on Governor Rockefeller.